

Africa CDC Epidemic Intelligence Report

Date of Issue: 9 Apr 2026

Active Events

93

New Events reported
in 2026

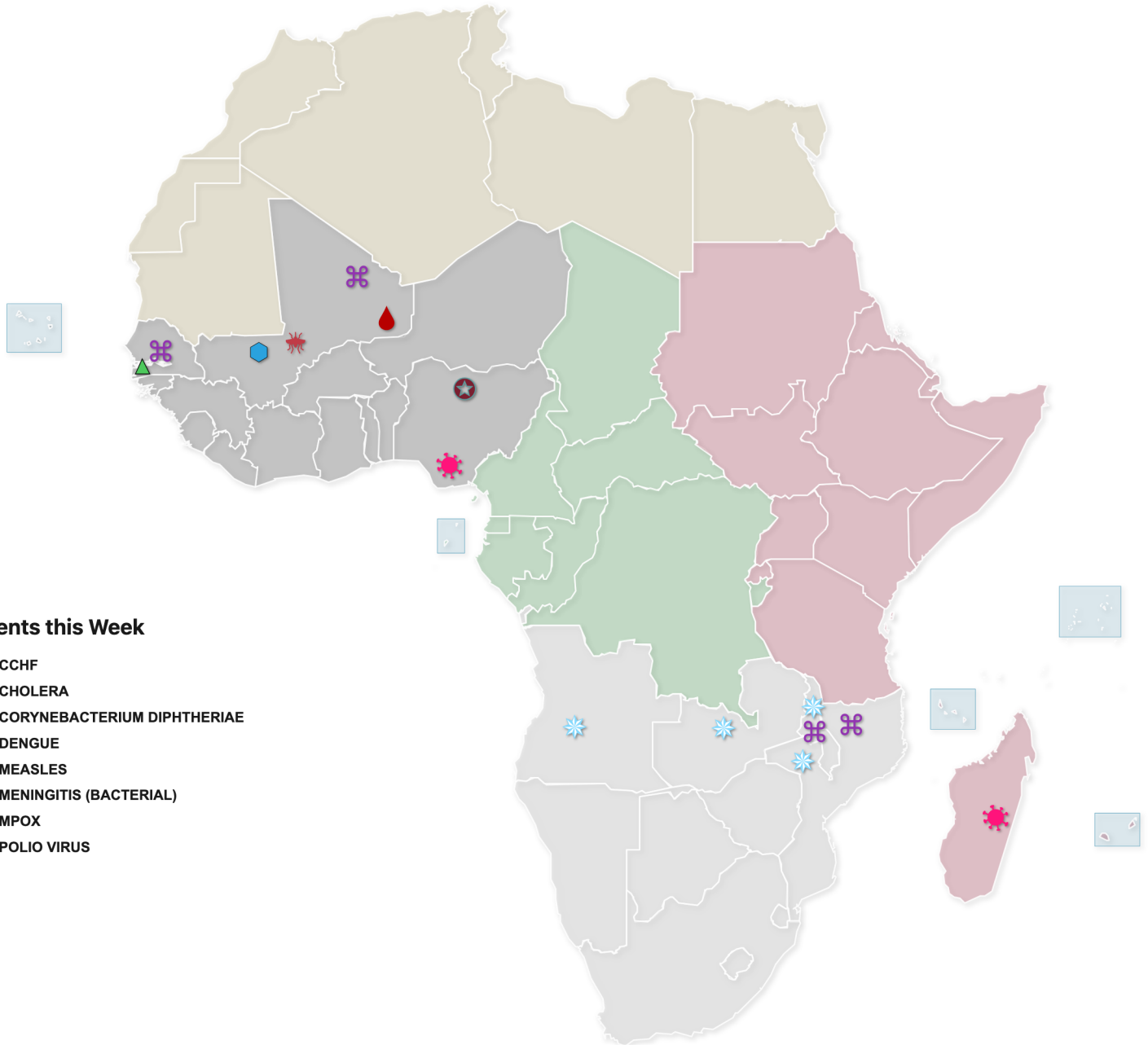
20

Events highlighted
this week

15

New events since
last issue

0


























* represent AU Member States that are islands
Note: The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the African Union

Event Type	Risk Level		
	Very High (New)	High (New)	Moderate (New)
Human	0	6	9
Animal	0	0	0
Environment	0	0	0

Event Summary

Events Highlighted this week

Agent/Syndrome	Country	Risk Human	Risk Animal	Type	Suspected (New)	Probable (New)	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)
 CCHF	Senegal	Moderate	Low		0 (0)	0 (0)	2 (1)	0 (0)
 Cholera	Angola	High	N/A		567 (84)	0 (0)	0 (0)	13 (1)
	Malawi	High	N/A		1,260 (75)	0 (0)	157 (22)	5 (1)
	Mozambique	Moderate	N/A		0 (0)	0 (0)	6,640 (261)	58 (0)
	Zambia	Moderate	N/A		727 (64)	0 (0)	5 (0)	11 (0)
 Corynebacterium diphtheriae	Mali	Moderate	N/A		76 (2)	0 (0)	15 (3)	0 (0)
 Dengue	Mali	Moderate	N/A		567 (39)	0 (0)	175 (12)	1 (0)
 Measles	Malawi	Moderate	N/A		656 (33)	0 (0)	109 (0)	0 (0)
	Mali	High	N/A		191 (31)	0 (0)	78 (11)	0 (0)
	Mozambique	Moderate	N/A		0 (0)	0 (0)	282 (55)	0 (0)
	Senegal	High	N/A		0 (0)	0 (0)	59 (2)	0 (0)
 Meningitis (Bacterial)	Mali	Moderate	N/A		99 (9)	0 (0)	27 (2)	0 (0)
 Mpox	Madagascar	High	N/A		1,356 (102)	0 (0)	729 (62)	1 (0)
	Nigeria	High	N/A		246 (15)	0 (0)	24 (2)	0 (0)
 Polio virus	Nigeria	Moderate	N/A		0 (0)	0 (0)	12 (1)	0 (0)

High Risk Events

Human Event
AC98595

Corynebacterium diphtheriae in Africa

353 confirmed human case(s)
1,046 suspected human case(s)
9 human deaths (**CFR: 2.55%**)

Agent/Pathogen	Corynebacterium diphtheriae	First Reported	1-Jan-2026	Previous Report Update	30-Mar-2026
First Occurred	1-Jan-2026	Country	Multiple Countries	Location	7 MS
Source	Ministry of Health	GeoScope	MODERATE	Human Risk Assessment	HIGH
		Animal Risk Assessment	N/A		

Update to Event:

Since the beginning of the year, a total of 1,399 cases (353 confirmed; 1,046 suspected) and 44 deaths, with nine deaths reported among confirmed cases [case fatality rate (CFR): 2.55%] of toxigenic respiratory diphtheria, have been reported from seven African Union (AU) Member States (MS): Guinea (28 cases; 3 deaths), Mali (91; 4), Mauritania (71; 1), Niger (78; 6), Nigeria (360; 8), Somalia (758; 21), and South Africa (13; 1). The deaths among confirmed cases are reported from Nigeria and South Africa.

In epidemiological week 13, a total of five new cases and no new deaths of toxigenic respiratory diphtheria were reported from Mali.

Mali: Since the last update (30 March 2026), the MoH reported five new cases (3 confirmed; 2 suspected) and no new deaths of diphtheria from two regions. This is a 57% average decrease in the number of new cases in the last four weeks. This year, a total of 91 cases (15 confirmed; 76 suspected) and four deaths (CFR: 4.65%) of diphtheria was reported in Mali. Since the beginning of this outbreak (October 2025), a cumulative of 723 cases (73 confirmed; 650 suspected) and 37 deaths (CFR: 5.1%) were reported from eight regions in Mali.

Note: In 2025, a total of 24,838 cases (7,016 confirmed; 2 probable; 19,075 suspected) and 1,176 deaths among confirmed cases (CFR: 4.36%) of toxigenic respiratory diphtheria have been reported from 10 AU MS: Algeria (837 cases; 93 deaths), Chad (6,506; 52), Guinea (604; 206), Mali (632; 9), Mauritania (1,299; 48), Niger (2,194; 149), Nigeria (10,166; 561), Somalia (3,655; 143), Sudan (112; 0) and South Africa (88; 18).

Response by MS/partner/Africa CDC:

Mali: The MoH continues to enhance surveillance, ensure adherence to infection prevention and control measures, support isolation and risk communication, and community engagement. In addition, the MoH is conducting ring vaccination campaigns.

Meningitis (Bacterial) in Africa

30 confirmed human case(s), **152** suspected human case(s)
15 human deaths (**CFR: 8.24%**)

Agent/Pathogen	Meningitis (Bacterial)	First Reported	2-Jan-2026	Previous Report Update	30-Mar-2026
First Occurred	1-Jan-2026	Country	Multiple Countries	Location	3 MS
Source	Ministry of Health	GeoScope	MODERATE	Human Risk Assessment	HIGH
		Animal Risk Assessment	N/A		

Update to Event:

Since the beginning of 2026, a total of 182 cases (30 confirmed; 152 suspected) and 15 deaths (CFR: 8.06%) of bacterial meningitis have been reported from two AU MS: Central Africa Republic (CAR)* (34; 6), Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) (24 cases; 9 deaths), and Mali (124; 0). The reported deaths are among suspected cases.

In epidemiological week 13, a total of 11 new cases and no new deaths of bacterial meningitis were reported from Mali.

Mali: Since the last update (30 March 2026), the MoH reported 11 new cases (2 confirmed; 9 suspected) and no new deaths of bacterial meningitis from Bamako (4 cases; 0 deaths), Koulikoro (6; 0), Ségou (1; 0) regions. This is a 6% average decrease in the number of new cases in the last four weeks. This year, a total of 124 cases (27 confirmed; 99 suspected) and no deaths of bacterial meningitis were reported from Mali. Since the start of the outbreak (January 2025), a cumulative of 898 cases (158 confirmed; 740 suspected) and no deaths of bacterial meningitis have been reported from all 11 regions in Mali. In 2023, the national meningitis vaccination coverage among children <5 years in Mali was 94%.

***In epidemiological week 4, a total of 34 new cases and six new deaths of bacterial meningitis were reported from CAR.**

Note: In 2025, a total of 24,838 cases (7,016 confirmed; 2 probable; 19,075 suspected) and 1,176 deaths among confirmed cases (CFR: 4.36%) of toxigenic respiratory diphtheria have been reported from 10 AU MS: Algeria (837 cases; 93 deaths), Chad (6,506; 52), Guinea (604; 206), Mali (632; 9), Mauritania (1,299; 48), Niger (2,194; 149), Nigeria (10,166; 561), Somalia (3,655; 143), Sudan (112; 0) and South Africa (88; 18).

Response by MS/partner/Africa CDC:

Mali: The MoH continues to coordinate the response activities, including enhanced surveillance, case management, and vaccination

Moderate Risk Events

Human Event
AC53748

Mpox in Africa

2,337 confirmed case(s) **14,758** Total case(s)
17 Total deaths (**CFR: 0.12%**)

Agent/Pathogen	Mpox	First Reported	1-Jan-2026	Previous Report Update	30-Mar-2026
First Occurred	1-Jan-2026	Country	Multiple Countries	Location	22 MS
Source	Ministry of Health	GeoScope	MODERATE	Human Risk Assessment	MODERATE
		Animal Risk Assessment	N/A		

Update to Event:

Since the beginning of 2026, a total of 14,758 mpox cases, of which 2,337 (15.8%) were laboratory-confirmed have been reported from 22 African Union (AU) Member States (MS). In addition, a total of 122 deaths (CFR: 0.12%) among all cases and 17 deaths (CFR: 0.73%) among confirmed cases have been reported. The distribution of confirmed cases and deaths by MS is as follows: Burundi* (74 confirmed cases; 0 deaths), Cameroon (20; 0), CAR** (8; 0), Comoros (28; 0), Congo (35; 0), DRC*** (707; 1), Ghana (26; 0), Guinea**** (232; 1), Kenya***** (147; 7), Liberia (132; 0), Malawi (10; 0), Mali (20; 2), Madagascar (729; 2), Mozambique (2; 0), Nigeria (24; 0), Rwanda (3; 0) Senegal (1; 0), South Africa (3; 0), South Sudan (12; 1), Tanzania (36; 1), Uganda (67; 1) and Zambia (21; 0).

In epidemiological week 13, a total of 64 laboratory-confirmed cases and one new death among confirmed cases of mpox were reported from two AU MS: Madagascar and Nigeria.

Madagascar: Since the last update (26 March 2026), the MoH reported 62 new laboratory-confirmed mpox cases and one new death (CFR: 1.6%) from multiple regions. There is a 15% average increase in new cases reported over the last four weeks. This year, 729 laboratory-confirmed mpox cases and two deaths (CFR: 0.27%) have been reported from multiple regions. Since the start of this outbreak (December 2025), a total of 742 laboratory-confirmed mpox cases and one death (CFR: 0.13%) have been reported from 27/114 health districts in Madagascar. Clade Ib was isolated from the sequenced samples.

Nigeria: Since the last update (30 March 2025), the Nigeria CDC reported 15 new cases (two laboratory-confirmed) and no deaths of mpox from seven states. This is a 50% decrease in new confirmed cases compared to the last report. This year, a total of 246 cases (24 laboratory confirmed) and no deaths of mpox were reported in Nigeria. Nigeria is endemic for mpox, since 2017, a cumulative of 7,786 cases, of which 1,734 were laboratory confirmed and 23 deaths (CFR: 1.33%) of mpox were reported in Nigeria.

***Between epidemiological week 11-12, a backlog of 17 confirmed cases and no deaths were reported from Burundi**

****Between epidemiological week 11-12, a backlog of three confirmed cases and no deaths were reported from CAR**

*****In epidemiological week 12, a backlog of 66 confirmed cases and no deaths were reported from DRC**

******From epidemiological week 6-11, a backlog of 113 confirmed cases and no deaths were reported from Guinea**

*******In epidemiological week 12, a backlog of six confirmed cases and no deaths were reported from Kenya**

*******In epidemiological week 11, a backlog of two confirmed cases and no deaths were reported from Malawi**

Note: In 2025, a total of 141,999 cases of mpox, of which 43,041 were laboratory-confirmed, were reported from 29 AU MS. In addition, a total of 825 deaths (CFR: 0.58%) among all cases and 254 deaths (CFR: 0.60%) among confirmed cases have been reported. The distribution of confirmed cases and deaths by MS is as follows: Angola (8 confirmed cases; 0 deaths), Burundi (1,662; 0), Cameroon (12; 0), Central African Republic (CAR) (72; 6), Congo (104; 1), Côte d'Ivoire (79; 1), Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) (21,629; 99), Ethiopia (48; 1), Gambia (1; 0), Ghana (973; 7), Guinea (2,038; 6), Kenya (915; 11), Liberia (1,451; 8), Madagascar (13; 0), Malawi (147; 1), Mali (11; 0), Morocco (2; 0), Mozambique (91; 0), Namibia (2; 0), Nigeria (435; 6), Rwanda (47; 0), Senegal (9; 0), Sierra Leone (5,442; 60), South Africa (14; 0), South Sudan (38; 0), Tanzania (265; 0), Togo (90; 0), Uganda (7,073; 44), and Zambia (370; 3).

Response by MS/partner/Africa CDC:

The ministries of health in the affected MS continue to intensify surveillance, risk communication, mpox vaccination campaigns and community engagement activities in the affected communities.

Polio (Vaccine-derived) in Africa

19 confirmed human case(s)
0 human deaths (**CFR: 0%**)

Agent/Pathogen	Polio (Vaccine-derived)	First Reported	1-Mar-2026	Previous Report Update	30-Mar-2026
First Occurred	1-Jan-2026	Country	Multiple Countries	Location	5 MS
Source	Ministry of Health	GeoScope	MODERATE	Human Risk Assessment	MODERATE
		Animal Risk Assessment	N/A		

Update to Event:

Since the beginning of this year, 16 confirmed cases and no deaths of circulating vaccine-derived poliovirus type 2 (cVDPV2) have been reported from four AU MS: Angola [1 case(s); 0 death(s)], DRC (2; 0), Nigeria (12; 0), Somalia (2; 0), and Togo (1; 0). Two confirmed cases of cVDPV3 were reported from Nigeria.

In epidemiological week 13, a total of one laboratory-confirmed case of cVDPV2 was reported from Nigeria .

Nigeria: Since the last update (26 March 2026), the Global Polio Eradication Initiative reported one new confirmed cases and no deaths of cVDPV2 from Zamfara states. This year, a total of 12 cases of vaccine-derived polio virus were reported from Nigeria: cVDPV2 (10 cases) and cVDPV3 (2 cases).

Note: In 2025, three confirmed cases and no deaths of circulating vaccine-derived poliovirus type 1 (cVDPV1) were reported from Algeria (1; 0), DRC (1; 0), and Niger (1; 0). A total of 184 confirmed cases and no deaths of cVDPV2 were reported from 11 AU MS: Angola (19 cases; 0 deaths), Benin (3; 0), Burkina Faso (1; 0), CAR (2; 0), Chad (31; 0), Djibouti (1; 0), DRC (6; 0), Ethiopia (42; 0), Mali (1; 0), Niger (3; 0), Nigeria (66; 0), Somalia (2; 0), and Sudan (7; 0). Twelve confirmed cases and no deaths of cVDPV3 have been reported from Cameroon (1; 0), Chad (4; 0), and Guinea (2; 0). Nigeria (5; 0)

Response by MS/partner/Africa CDC:

The ministries of health of the affected MS continue to conduct enhanced surveillance and enhanced routine vaccination activities.

Cholera in Africa

7,061 confirmed human case(s), **20,952** suspected human case(s)
526 human deaths (CFR: **1.88%**)

Agent/Pathogen	Cholera	First Reported	1-Jan-2026	Previous Report Update	30-Mar-2026
First Occurred	1-Jan-2026	Country	Multiple Countries	Location	14 MS
Source	Ministry of Health	GeoScope	HIGH	Human Risk Assessment	MODERATE
		Animal Risk Assessment	N/A		

Update to Event:

Since the beginning of 2026, a total of 28,953 cases (7,061 confirmed; 20,952 suspected) and 526 deaths (CFR: 1.9%) of cholera have been reported from 14 AU MS: Angola (567 cases; 12 deaths), Burundi (551; 2), DRC (16,460; 428), Ethiopia (15; 0), Malawi (1,417; 5), Mozambique (6,640; 58), Namibia (49; 0), Nigeria (251; 3), Rwanda (18; 0), Somalia (709; 0), South Sudan (455; 6), Tanzania (113; 2), Zambia (732; 11), and Zimbabwe (36; 2).

In epidemiological week 13, a total of 506 new cases and two new deaths of cholera were reported from four AU MS: Angola, Malawi, Mozambique, and Zambia.

Angola: Since the last update (30 March 2026), the MoH reported 84 new suspected cases and one new death (CFR: 1.19%) of cholera from five provinces. This is a 16% average decrease in the number of new cases in the last four weeks. This year, a total of 567 suspected cases and 13 deaths (CFR: 2.29%) were reported from Angola. Since the beginning of this outbreak (January 2025), a total of 36,860 cases (937 confirmed; 35,923 suspected) and 908 deaths (CFR: 2.46%) of cholera have been reported from 18 of 21 provinces in Angola. Males accounted for 54% of all cases and 63% of all deaths. Children <15 years accounted for 37% of all cases and 32% of all deaths. Additionally, 55% of all deaths occurred at the health facilities. Compared with the same period in 2025 (epidemiological week 1 to 13), 9,785 cases and 383 deaths (CFR: 3.91%) were reported from Angola, representing a 94% decrease in cases and a 97% decrease in deaths due to cholera.

Malawi: Since the last update (30 March 2026), the MoH reported 97 new cases (22 confirmed; 75 suspected) and one new death (CFR: 1.03%) of cholera from eight districts. This is a 204% average increase in the number of cases in the past four weeks. This year, 1,417 (157 confirmed; 1,260 suspected) confirmed cases and five deaths (CFR: 0.34%) of cholera have been reported from 14 of 29 districts in Malawi. Since the beginning of this outbreak (December 2025), a cumulative of 1,428 cases (168 confirmed; 1,260 suspected) and five deaths (CFR: 0.35%) of cholera have been reported from 14 of 29 districts in Malawi. Compared with epidemiological week 1 to 13 of 2025, a total of 91 confirmed cholera cases and 3 deaths (CFR: 3.30%) were reported in Malawi, representing a 1% decrease in cases and a 33% decrease in deaths.

Mozambique: Since the last update (30 March 2026), the MoH reported 261 new confirmed cases and no new deaths from cholera in nine provinces. This is a 21% average decrease in new cases over the last four weeks. This year, a total of 6,640 cases and 58 deaths (CFR: 0.87%) of cholera were reported from nine provinces. Since the beginning of this outbreak (September 2025), a total of 8,203 confirmed cases and 83 deaths (CFR: 1.01%) of cholera have been reported from nine of the ten provinces in Mozambique. Additionally, 75% of all deaths occurred in communities. Compared with the same period in 2025 (epidemiological week 1 to 13), a total of 2,324 confirmed cholera cases and 28 deaths (CFR: 1.20%) were reported in Mozambique, representing a 3-fold increase in cases and a 2-fold increase in deaths.

Zambia: Since the last update (30 March 2026), the MoH reported 64 new suspected cases and no new deaths of cholera from multiple provinces. This year, 732 cases (5 confirmed; 727 suspected) and 11 deaths (CFR: 1.50%) of cholera have been reported from nine of the ten provinces in Zambia. This outbreak started in August 2025. Cumulatively, 1,357 cases (205 confirmed; 1,152 suspected) and 21 deaths (CFR: 1.55%) of cholera have been reported from nine of the ten provinces in Zambia. Compared with the same period in 2025 (epidemiological week 1 to 13), a total of 351 cholera cases and 9 deaths (CFR: 2.56%) were reported in Zambia, representing a 92% increase in cases and no change in deaths.

Note: In 2025, a total of 323,395 cases (12,297 confirmed; 47 probable; 311,051 suspected) and 7,352 deaths (CFR: 2.28%) of cholera have been reported from 24 AU MS: Angola (36,293; 895 deaths), Burundi (3,353; 14), Cameroon (11; 0), Chad (3,091; 167), Comoros (40; 0), Congo (815; 67), Côte d'Ivoire (556; 24), DRC (71,646; 2,028), Ethiopia (8,503; 84), Ghana (2,870; 14), Kenya (686; 26), Malawi (102; 3), Mozambique (5,787; 68), Namibia (75; 1), Nigeria (22,196; 505), Rwanda (325; 0), Somalia (8,915; 9), South Sudan (79,633; 1,277), Sudan (72,057; 2,077), Tanzania (4,063; 45), Togo (165; 4), Uganda (136; 3), Zambia (1,103; 18), and Zimbabwe (601; 23).

Response by MS/partner/Africa CDC:

The ministries of health of the affected MS activated the emergency operation centers and deployed one health rapid response teams to conduct enhanced surveillance, risk communication, and environmental sanitation in the affected communities.

Measles in Africa

1,603 confirmed human case(s), **50,252** suspected human case(s)
388 human deaths (**CFR: 0.75%**)

Agent/Pathogen	Measles	First Reported	1-Jan-2026	Previous Report Update	30-Mar-2026
First Occurred	1-Jan-2026	Country	Multiple Countries	Location	18 AU MS
Source	Ministry of Health	GeoScope	MODERATE	Human Risk Assessment	MODERATE
		Animal Risk Assessment	N/A		

Update to Event:

Since the beginning of 2026, a total of 51,855 cases (1,603 confirmed; 50,252 suspected) and 388 deaths (CFR: 0.74%) of measles have been reported from 18 AU MS: Burundi (552 cases; 1 death), Burkina Faso (2,562; 4), Cameroon (105; 1), Chad (1,887; 0), Congo (558; 6), DRC (35,573; 360), Gabon (10; 0), Guinea (71; 0), Kenya (350; 4), Liberia (2,873; 11), Malawi*** (765; 0), Mali (269; 0), Mozambique (282; 0), Namibia (29; 0), Nigeria (1,229; 0), Senegal (59; 1), Somalia (3,796; 0), South Africa (556; 0), and Togo (329; 0).

In epidemiological week 13, a total of 132 new cases and no new deaths of measles have been reported from four AU MS: Malawi, Mali, Mozambique, and Senegal.

Malawi: In epidemiological week 13, the MoH reported 33 new suspected cases and no deaths of measles from 17 of 28 districts. This year, 765 (109 confirmed; 656 suspected) and no deaths of measles have been reported from 17 of 28 districts. In 2024, the national measles vaccination coverage among children <1 year in Malawi was 69%. *After harmonization between epidemiological week 1- 9, retraction of four confirmed and 81 suspected cases reported from Malawi.

Mali: Since the last update (30 March 2026), the MoH reported 42 cases (11 confirmed; 31 suspected) and no new deaths of measles from five regions. This is a 17% increase in the number of new cases compared to the last update. This year, 269 cases (78 confirmed; 191 suspected) and no deaths of measles were reported from all 11 regions in Mali. Since the beginning of this outbreak (March 2024), a cumulative of 1,714 cases (683 confirmed; 1031 suspected) and no deaths of measles have been reported from all 11 regions in Mali. In 2023, the national measles vaccination coverage among children <1 year in Mali was 98%.

Mozambique: Since the last update (30 March 2026), the MoH reported 55 new confirmed cases and no new deaths of measles from six provinces. This is a 337% average increase in the number of confirmed cases in the last four weeks. This year, a total of 282 confirmed cases and no deaths of measles were reported from six provinces. Since the beginning of this outbreak (July 2025), a total of 853 confirmed cases and one death (CFR: 0.12%) of measles have been reported from six of the ten provinces in Mozambique. In 2024, the national measles vaccination coverage (MCV1) was 44%.

Senegal: Since the last update (30 March 2026), the MoH reported two new confirmed cases and no new deaths of measles from Tambacounda (1 case; no deaths), and Sedhioui (1; 0) regions. This is a 192% average decrease in the number of new cases in the last four weeks. This year a total of 59 confirmed cases and one death (CFR: 3%) of measles from five regions in Senegal: Dakar (1 case; 0 deaths), Diourbel (1; 0), Kaolack (1; 0), Kedougou (34; 1), Tambacounda (21; 1) and Sedhioui (1; 0). Of the confirmed cases, females accounted 54% for and the age group 15 - 20 year accounted for 36%. Sixty-six percent were unvaccinated against measles.

*In epidemiological week 11, a backlog of 556 and three deaths of measles were reported from Liberia.

**In epidemiological week 12, a backlog of 26 new cases and no deaths of measles were reported from Togo.

*****Between epidemiological week 11 - 12, a backlog of 76 suspected cases and no deaths of measles were reported from Malawi.**

In 2025, a total of 195,211 cases (33,036 confirmed; 162,175 suspected) and 1,512 deaths (CFR: 0.77%) of measles have been reported from 21 AU MS: Cameroon (2,883 cases; 4 deaths), Chad (926; 1), DRC (85,210; 1,188), Ethiopia (4,429; 22), Guinea (6,640; 9), Kenya (61; 0), Liberia (1,559; 0), Malawi (167; 0), Mali (666; 0), Mauritania (102; 0), Morocco (44,372; 95), Mozambique (571; 1), Namibia (850; 2), Nigeria (26,866; 153), Rwanda (218; 0), Senegal (123; 0), Somalia (12,378; 14), South Africa (2,448; 0), Sudan (3,275; 22), Uganda (77; 1) and Zambia (1,082; 0).

Response by MS/partner/Africa CDC:

The MoH in the affected MS continue to strengthen measles surveillance and supplemental immunization activities in the affected communities.

Dengue in Africa

244 confirmed human case(s), **567** suspected human case(s)
1 human deaths (**CFR: 0.12%**)

Agent/Pathogen	Dengue	First Reported	1-Jan-2026	Previous Report Update	30-Mar-2026
First Occurred	1-Jan-2026	Country	Multiple Countries	Location	4 MS
Source	Ministry of Health	GeoScope	MODERATE	Human Risk Assessment	MODERATE
		Animal Risk Assessment	N/A		

Update to Event:

Since the beginning of 2026, a total of 811 cases (244 confirmed; 567 suspected) and one death (CFR: 0.12%) of dengue fever have been reported from four AU MS: CAR (1 case; 1 death), Mali (742; 1), Mauritania (33; 0), and Senegal (35; 0).

In epidemiological week 13, a total of 51 new cases and no deaths of dengue fever have been reported from Mali.

Mali: Since the last update (30 March 2026), the MoH reported 51 new cases (12 confirmed; 39 suspected) and no new deaths of dengue fever from four Bamako (33 cases; 0 deaths), and Mopti (18; 0) regions. This is a 388% average decrease in the number of new cases in the last four weeks. This year, a total of 742 cases (175 confirmed; 567 suspected) and one death (CFR: 0.13%) of dengue were reported in Mali. Since the beginning of this outbreak (September 2023), a cumulative of 20,585 cases (2,767 confirmed; 17,869 suspected) and 75 deaths (CFR: 0.36%) of dengue fever have been reported from all 11 regions in Mali.

Note: In 2025, a total of 62,315 cases (12,909 confirmed; 156 probable; 49,250 suspected) and 139 deaths (CFR: 0.22%) of dengue fever have been reported from 11 AU MS: Burkina Faso (866 cases; 0 deaths), Cabo Verde (335; 0), Comoros (1,320; 1), Guinea (2; 0), Kenya (1; 0), Mali (4,344; 0), Mauritania (4,547; 1), Mauritius (59; 0), Nigeria (178; 11), Senegal (6,668; 0), and Sudan (43,995; 126).

Response by MS/partner/Africa CDC:

Mali: The MoH continues to conduct enhanced surveillance, case management, vector control, and risk communication activities in the affected communities.

CCHf in Africa

3 confirmed human case(s)
0 human deaths (**CFR: 0%**)

Agent/Pathogen	CCHf	First Reported	20-Feb-2026	Previous Report Update	20-Mar-2026
First Occurred	10-Feb-2026	Country	Multiple Countries	Location	2 MS
Source	Ministry of Health	GeoScope	MODERATE	Human Risk Assessment	MODERATE
		Animal Risk Assessment	N/A		

Update to Event:

Since the beginning of 2025, a total of three confirmed cases no death of Crimean Congo hemorrhagic fever (CCHF) have been reported from two AU MS: Uganda (1 cases; 0 deaths) and Senegal (2: 0).

In epidemiological week 13, one new case and no new deaths of CCHF was reported from Senegal.

Senegal: In epidemiological week 13, the MoH reported a new outbreak of Crimean Congo Hemorrhagic fever (CCHF) with one confirmed case and no death from Dioffor area in Fatick region of Senegal. The case was a 28-year-old female. On 25 February 2026, the case presented at a local health centre with fever, headache, muscle and body pain, vomiting, bleeding and meningoencephalitis. Blood sample was collected and sent to Institut Pasteur in Dakar for laboratory testing and analysis. On 19 March 2026, the test was confirmed positive for CCHF by both Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) and Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA). The case had no travel history in the past 15 days prior to onset of symptoms. This is the second outbreak of CCHF in Senegal in 2026. This is the second CCHF case reported in 2026. The first case was reported in February 2026 in a 7-year-old child from Tambacounda regions in Senegal.

CCHF is a zoonotic viral hemorrhagic fever that can spread through bites of infected ticks. It can also be transmitted from animals to humans through contact with blood, body fluids, or tissues of infected animals, mainly livestock such as cattle, sheep, goats, buffalo, and camels. The most common symptoms in humans are headache, joint pain, vomiting, a flushed face, a red throat, and petechiae (red spots) on the palate. The case fatality rate in hospitalised patients ranges from 9% to 50%. In 2025, eight cases (2 confirmed; 6 suspected) and one death (CFR: 50%) of CCHF were reported from Birkelane district in Kafferine region of Senegal.

Response by MS/partner/Africa CDC:

The MoH deployed a multisectoral rapid response team to the affected area to conduct outbreak investigation and coordinate response activities.

- **Epidemiological week 13 covers the period from 23 to 29 March 2026.**

- **The cases in this report include confirmed, probable, and suspected cases.**

- **Deaths among mpox suspected cases are all reported from DRC.**

- **In epidemiological week 11, a backlog of four confirmed cases and one death of Lassa fever were reported from Liberia.**

- **In epidemiological week 12, a backlog of 342 cases (55 confirmed; 287 suspected) and 14 new deaths of Lassa fever from Nigeria.**

- **CFRs are calculated using confirmed cases and deaths among confirmed cases only, except for bacterial meningitis, cholera, measles, dengue, and yellow fever, where CFRs are calculated using all cases and deaths.**

- **The GeoScope level is determined by where the event is currently occurring on the continent. Low: the event is limited to sub-national areas within one MS; Moderate: The event is affecting multiple countries within an AU region or has been imported from/exported to 1-2 countries from another global region; High: The event is affecting several multinational AU regions, or have been imported from/exported to >2 countries from another global region; Very High: Event is considered a pandemic, affecting multiple continents or worldwide. The risk level is determined by evaluating the following criteria: disease morbidity and mortality, the probability of spread within and to other MSs, and the availability of effective treatments, vaccines, or other control measures. An event risk level can be classified as low, moderate, high, or very high based on its score on the above criteria.**

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